

International Journal of Ayurvedic Medicine, Vol 11 (2), 326-330

# Ayurvedic Management of Arditavata - A Case Report

**Case Report** 

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## **Abstract**

Ayurveda is a branch of ancient science which is not only believe in curing disease but also keeps vision of having healthy lifestyle in terms of *Ahara* (Food), *Vihara* (Healthy regimen) and *Achara* (Good conducts). In present era because of unwholesome food, inappropriate lifestyle, excessive and restless workload etc. and also the environmental factors like excessive cold and flowing of wind becoming reason to cause various disorders. *Acharya Charaka* explained 80 *Vataja Nanatmaja Vyadhi*, *Arditavata* is one of those disorders. Due to similar clinical symptoms of *Arditavata*, in contemporary science can be correlated with Bell's palsy-caused by dysfunction of facial nerve-which is VII cranial nerve which affects the movement of facial muscles. Facial nerve dysfunction can seriously influence a patient's perspective for life. The human face is a part of communication and appearance. Facial palsy results in both functional and cosmetic impairments. In this disease with Ayurvedic treatment approach there is 90% cure rate, which is very beneficial for the present era patients who are having such type of diseases. This case study is here to show the result and curative approach of classical medicines in *Arditavata*.

**Key Words:** Arditavata, Bell's Palsy, Mukhabhyanga, Ksheerabala taila, Ksheeradhooma, Nasyakarma.

## Introduction

Ayurveda is now a day's ray of hope for the present generations, who are suffering from lots of stress, anxiety, and work load. These all conditions altering the functions of moola of human body that aredosha, dhatu and mala. (1) Mainly Vata Dosha is the one which acts on nervous system or we can say Vata is nothing but nerve conduction base. Our nervous system controls all motor and sensory system of our body. Vata-which is root of our nervous system and also control the movements of other dosha of human body (2) if work in the equilibrium form leads in normal control of nerve conduction and systemic function in body associated with other doshas, rasa, rakta dhatus and mala etc. But if Vata doshas aggravates due to certain reasons leads to alteration of nerves conduction function, which cause various neurological disorders like monoplegia, hemiplegia, Bell's palsy etc. Arditavata is one among these. Acharya Charaka has explained it as a Vataja nanatmaja vyadhi (3) and Acharya Sushruta explained it in the Vatavyadhi adhyaya of chikitsa sthana. (4) All Acharyas have considered the face is the primary part in Arditavata getting afflicted by Vata dosha. Acharya Charaka (5) and Acharva Vagbhata (6) also mentioned

this disease is localized in half of the face with or without the involvement of the body. *Arditavata* resembles Facial Paralysis or Bell's Phenomenon according to their signs and symptoms, this involves the paralysis of any structures supplied by the facial nerve (7th Cranial nerve). Facial nerve paralysis is characterised by unilateral facial weakness, with other symptoms including (7)-Loss of taste, Decreased salivation, Lacrimation, Mouth deviation etc.

ISSN No: 0976-5921

## **Nidana (Causative Factors)**

Nidana (Causative Factors) according to different *Acharyas* which one should take care to avoid such diseases because Prevention is better than cure are:

Acharya Charaka (8)mentioned suppression of the urge of sneeze, Shiroroga, Carrying heavy loads on head, sudden movement of head and neck, sleeping in an uncomfortable posture, Use of pillows in wrong posture; either too high or too low etc. Acharya Sushruta (9) and Vagbhata (10) said speaking loudly in excess, Churning hard food stuffs, Excessive laughter, yawning and sneezing. Acharya Sushruta added Rakta Kshaya, (depletion of blood) in specific group of patients get afflicted by Arditavata. Pregnant women, recently delivered lady, Children, Old people, Emaciated persons. Acharya Vagbhata (11) explained Arditavata is a disease, causes due to the vitiation of Pranavata. Yogaratnakara explained Excessive tongue scrapping, Siravyadhana (if done improperly), Injury to the Marmas (Vital points in the head) Excessive rubbing of the eyes, ears and nose, by consuming alcohol and Asavas in excess etc.

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## Samprapti (Pathogenesis)

Nidanasevana

tinuse vunu

Vata gets aggravated

Spread to half of the portion of face or entire body

Do shoshana of Rakta and other Dhatus

Cause Sankocha of the avayava located above the neck

Leading to Vakrata of Mukha, Nasa, Lalata, Netra and Greeva

Produce the lakshanas of Arditavata.

# Purvaroopa (Premonitory Symptoms) and Roopa (Symptoms)

The Poorvarupa and Roopa) of Arditavata described by Acharya Sushruta is as follows: Romaharsha (Horripilation), Vepanam (Tremors), Avila Netrata (Blurred Vision), Toda (Pain), Twachi Swapa (Loss of Sensation of Skin), Vaktrardhavakra (complete or partial loss of voluntary functions of one side of the face), Vaikruta Netradi (Deformities in Eye), Greevachapya (Cervical pain), Vaksanga (Inability to speak), Manya Sthamba (Stiffness Of The Neck), Hanugraha (Stiffness of the Jaw). (12,13)

## Sadhyasadhyata (Prognosis)

If Arditavata is present in patients who are ksheena (debilitated), animesh-aksha (unable to close the eyes), avyakta bhashina (with slurred speech), vepana (tremors), Trivarsha (3years chronicity) (14) or discharge from mouth, eyes and nose is difficult to cure. Spectrum of Vata vyadhis which includes Arditavata can be cured effectively if the patient is Balavana and if the disease is developed recently.

## Case report

A 25 years old female patient with 58 kg of body weight came to *Kayachikitsa* OPD (OPD NO. 24137) of D.G.M. Ayurvedic Medical College, Gadag with complaint of Mouth deviation towards Right side, Unable to close eye on Left side, Earache, Headache from last 8 Days.

# **History of present illness**

Patient was apparently normal before 8 Days. A 25 years old female was apparently normal 8 days back. Suddenly she noticed deviation towards right side of face, heaviness in left side of face, difficulty in closing left eye, difficulty in moving up left eyebrow. Patient was non-Diabetic, non-Hypertension. Patient was treated elsewhere from other hospital but did not find any relief. She came to our OPD for Ayurvedic management.

### Chikitsa Vrittanta

For this problem patient took allopathic treatment and found no relief.

ISSN No: 0976-5921

## Poorvavyadhi Vrittanta

No History of any other major illness.

## Kula Vrittanta:

All family members are said to be healthy

## Clinical examination Ashtavidha Pariksha

Nadi (Pulse): 80/min, Mala pravrutti (Stool): Asamyak Pravartana, Mutra pravrutti (Urine): Prakrutta, Jeeva (Tounge): Aliptata, Kshudha (Agni): Mandya, Shabda (Speech): Prakrutta, Sparsha (Skin): Shitoshna, Khara, Dhruka (Eyes): Prakrutta, Nidra (Sleep): Khandita, Akrutti (Stature): Madhyama, Bala (Strength): Uttama.

# **Systemic examination**

## Neurological examination

- ♦ Motor system examination was done based on Bell's phenomenon positive on Left side of face.
  - Unable to whistle
  - Deviation during mouth clenching
  - Loss of furrow over the forehead
  - Unable to do full mouth inflation
  - Unable to close the left eye fully

## **Treatment schedule**

#### **Materials and Methods**

# 1st schedule (Treatment was Started on the same day patient arrived)

- Mukhabhyanga- with Ksheerabalataila for 8 days
- Ksheeradhooma for 8 days
- Nasyakarma with Ksheerabala101 taila for 8 days
- Dhoomapana with Haridra dhooma.
- Tab Cognium 500 mg 1Tab three times after food for 8 days
- Dhandhnadya kshayam 4tsf three times before food with equal water
- Ekangaveera Rasa 125mg 1tab. three times after food for 8 days.

## 2<sup>nd</sup> schedule (After completion of *Nasya Karma*)

- Tab Cognium 500 mg 1Tab three times after food for 8 days
- Dhanadhnadya Kshayam 4tsf three times before food with equal water
- Ekangaveera Rasa 125mg 1tab. three times after food for 8 days

#### **Exercise**

- Balloon blowing exercise three times a day.
- Eyebrows rising exercise in front of mirror three times a day for 5 minutes.

Total course of treatment is 23 days with follow up after 7 days.



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## **Images of Procedure done**

## Step 1st → Abhyanga with Ksheerabala taila





Step 2<sup>nd</sup> → Balamoola siddha kashaya ksheeradhooma





Step 3<sup>rd</sup> → Nasya with Ksheerabala taila 101





Step 4<sup>th</sup> → Dhoomapana





**Description of Procedure** 

The patient is thoroughly examined for her Prakrutti-Vikrutti.

1st step (Mukha abhyanga with Ksheerabala taila): Took lukewarm oil in the container and asked the patient to sit on chair with head tilted backward direction by giving support with pillow to neck. Then do Abhyanga (massage) to whole face within specific directions that is from neck upward, from affected side to normal side of face, and zigzag direction on forehead and chin.

Probable Mode of action: (15)

Sneha having Vatashamanan and Mrudukarna effect

Sneha do Mardavata, it brings softness in dosha sanghata, strotas

Overcome *Rukhshata* by its *Snigdha* and *Vishyanda* properties which is cause of mala sanghata

**2nd step (Ksheeradhuma with Balamoola Kashaya):** After abhyanga put cotton on eyes of patient and tie with bandage before doing *swedana* (steam). Do *ksheeradhuma* (dhuma-vapours or steaming) in form of *mridu nadi swedana* to face and neck that is type of *ekanga sweda*.

ISSN No: 0976-5921

Probable Mode of action: (16)

Swedana prior to nasya stimulates efferent vasodilator nerves

Vasodilation helps in liquefaction of doshas

Reduce stiffness, clears blockage and passages *(strotorodha)* and *Gauravghanta* 

Also *ksheera* (milk) having nourishing and *vata shamaka* properties

**3rd step** (Nasya with Ksheerabala taila 101): Lie down the patient on *dhroni* (massage bed) and tilt head to upward direction and ask the patient to relax. Then put *Nasya* 8-8 drops in each nostril alternately and comfort the patient by rubbing nose and asked the patient to spit after 5 minutes.

Probable Mode of action: (17)

The drug Ksheerabala taila 101 administered 8 drops in both nostrils

Due to Drava guna oil liquefies the doshas

Sukshma guna of taila enters into minute channels

Sara guna increase movement of Doshas by circulating into Brain, vessels, eyes, ear and throat.

Vasodilator nerves are stimulated

Increases the blood brain barrier to enable certain drug absorption in the brain tissues

Thus helps in removing the morbid *Doshas* from *Shiras* 

**4th step (Dhoomapana):** Patient was asked to sit up and was given *Haridra dhooma* and asked the patient to inhale dhoom from each nostril alternately and blow out from mouth upto 5 minutes.

Probable Mode of action:

Snahika Dhoomapana with Panchagavya Ghrita

Dhoomapana especially used for *Urdhwajatrugata*Rogas and act as *Kapha-Vatahara* 

By *Dhoomapana*, lightness of the chest, throat and Head and eliminates vitiated *doshas* 



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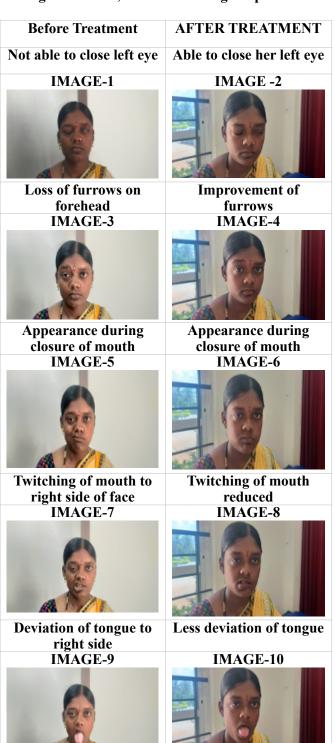
## **Precautions adivsed during procedure**

- Keep cotton wool (swab) in both ears
- Do not expose to cold environment
- Do not take head bath during Nasyakarma
- Do not eat cold food and drink cold water
- Do not eat hard food and also avoid mental stress for better and fast result.

#### Paschat karma

After procedure patient followed by Shaman *Aushadis* said earlier for 8 days.

## Images of before, after and during the procedure







patient
IMAGE-14

ISSN No: 0976-5921

#### Assessment of results

On the basis of "House Brackmann's Gradation System" assessment was done.

Table 1: Grading for assessment of clinical feature

Table 1: Grading for assessment of clinical feature						
Clinical feature	Grading	Before	After			
		treatment	treatment			
Face: Relief twitching of Right side face						
(deviation)						
Not persistent	0		0			
Persistent but	1					
do not disturb						
routine work						
Persistent	2	2				
disturb routine						
work						
Constant	3					
Eyebrows: difficulty in moving up left eyebrow						
Not persistent	0		0			
Persistent but	1	1				
do not disturb						
routine work						
Persistent	2					
disturb routine						
work						
Constant	3					
Mouth: drifting of mouth in left side angle						
Not persistent	0		0			
Persistent but	1					
do not disturb						
routine work						
Persistent	2	2				
disturb routine						
work						
Constant	3					
Eye: difficulty of closing left eye						
Not persistent	0		0			
Persistent but	1					
do not disturb						
routine work						



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Persistent disturb routine work	2	2		6.	Kaviraja Atrideva Gup with Vidyotini hind Chaukhambha Prakas
Constant	3				Chapter-15, Shlok-36;3
Tongue: deviate	d to right s	ide		7.	Facial Nerve. Re
Not persistent	0		0		neuromuscular.wustl
Persistent but	1	1			[Accessed on: 03/02/20
do not disturb routine work				8.	Vaidya Yadavji Trikan Samhita of Agnivesh
Persistent	2				Commentary, Varanasi
disturb routine					2004; Chikisasthana,
work					783p.
Constant	3			9.	Ambika Dutt Shastri

### Discussion

Arditavata symptoms as mentioned in classics are similar to the Bell's Phenomenon in contemporary medicine. It is facial nerve palsy. There are many clinical approaches to cure such disorders by just following Ayurvedic treatment protocol. It is time to except the fact that Ayurveda itself having best curative approaches for such types of disease and thus it should be used worldwide to cure and to serve good treatment protocol to benefit patients.

## Conclusion

The *nidanas* explained in classics are noticed in this patient like Patient mainly has history of *Chinta*, *Bhaya* and *Ratrijagarana*. The lakshanas explained in classics are noticed in this case. The Chikitsa sidhanta followed here is *Dhatuvardaka* and *Vatashamaka Chikitsa* as the disease belongs under *Vatavyadhi*. After following *Ksheeradhooma*, *Nasya karma*, patient found GOOD relief in her symptoms. There is direct indication of *Nasyakarma* in *Arditavata* by acharyas. (18)The treatment advocated in Ayurveda for *Arditavata* (facial palsy) was instituted to this patient, who was cured without any further complications and side-effects.

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