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Application of shodhana (Bio-purification) in Chronic Sheetapitta (Dhatwantara gata / Leena Avastha) with special reference to Urticaria

Seminar Article

Sachin Deva^{1*}

1. Reader / PhD Scholar, Post Graduate Department of Roga Nidana, Parul Institute of Ayurveda, Parul University, Vadodara, Gujarat.

Abstract

Shodhana (Bio-Purification) is a procedure which helps in expelling out the excessively aggrevated doshas from the shareera (Body). One of the most alluring concepts in the modulation of disease is leenadosha (Adhered/ Concealed). Technically leena (Adhered) term suggests to Conceal even Merge. Here the doshas will be attached or concealed to the dhatus. So we can frame the quality of leena dosha as ekadeshasthita/anutva (Minute) and also dhatvantaragata (Adhered to Dhatus). In the disease sheetapitta (Urticaria) sheetamaaruta exposure acts as a prime nidana (Cause) in vitiating vata predominantly along with other doshas like pitta and kapha leading to skin manifestations in bahya twacha (External skin) and other systemic symptoms in abyantara shareera (Within the body). Eventhough the disease sheetapitta (Urticaria) has vatadhika dosha lakshanas kandu (Pruritis) and daha (Burning sensation) will also be associated in many cases. By neglecting this particular diseases considering its *lakshanas* and severity after a time period *dosha* becomes *leena* within the *dhatus* and later becomes difficult to treat. Classics clearly mentioned that leena dosha (Adhered) cant be eliminated through shodhana (Bio-Purification) without prior deepana pachana (Stomacic & digestive), snehana (Oleation) and swedana (Sudation) i. e bringing back the vitiated doshas from shaka (Extremities) to kosta (Abdomen). So saama dosha adhered or concealed in diseases are understood as in *leena* state. This particular understanding facilitates further intervention which will be discussed in full paper.

Key Words: Concealed, Anutklista, Deepana, Pachana, Snehana, Swedana.

Introduction

Roga (Diseases) are Aparisankheyaya (Innumerable) with multiple cause and symptoms. History taking, physical examination and also laboratory investigations plays a key role in diagnosis of disease. Life encompasses the states of health and disease. Ayurveda, the spearhead science deals with these states of life. Various fervent concepts with sturdy bedrocks are laid down for understanding the body. Diagnosis and understanding of diseases is of prime relevance in the field of medicine. Different principles and methods in unveiling the mechanism of disease have been mentioned in classical texts. One of the most alluring concepts is Leenadosha (Concealed) in the modulation of a disease.

Among *Dosha*, *Dhatu* (Metabolic constituents) & Mala (Excretory products), Doshas are primarily important as they can vitiate themselves and can vitiate Dhatu and Mala which leads to manifestation of

* Corresponding Author:

Sachin Deva

Reader / PhD Scholar, Post Graduate Department of Roga Nidana, Parul Institute of Ayurveda, Parul University, Vadodara, Gujarat.

Email id - dr. sachindev30@gmail.com

diseases. Different symptoms of the disease are due to different Avasthas (stages) of the doshas like Vriddha (Exacerbated), Stambita (Stagnent), Leena (Adhered)

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Leena Term Suggests- Asamyak Darshitaha / Layapraptaha which means clung or pressed closely together, merged in, hidden, attached or staying in.

"Leenatvaat Ekadeshastitatvaat" (1)

"Leenaha Ekadesha stitaha"

Dosha which are Leena gets accumulated and resides at one place. Leena is also considered as Slista (Adhered)

"Yat Udeerayet Bahirdoshan Panchadha Shodhanam cha Tat"

"Yat Doshan Bahirnishkasayet Tat Cha Shodhanam"

Shodhana helps in expelling out the excessively aggrevated or vitiated *Doshas* from the *Shareera*.

Contextual Understanding of Leena (Concealed) Dosha

Leenadosha is a state where the Doshas are attached or concealed in *Dhatus (2)*. The knowledge of the disease is of prime relevance before intervention in medicine. The reasons from which a Leenaavastha (Concealed state) can be generated are the following Mithyopachara (Unwholesome regimen), Svabhava



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(Nature) of disease, Nidana (Etiology), Vyadhikshamatva (Immunity), abstaining from treatment etc. Pathology of Leena can be made out in many diseases like Sheetapitta (Urticaria), Vishamajwara (Fever), Swasa (Dysponea), Grahani (? Sprue/IBS), Apasmara (Seizure) etc. Leena is not only considered as Doshavastha but also it conveys the relapse or remission of disease.

Latency is a state of seeming inactivity. It is a state where there is existence but not yet developed/manifested/hidden/concealed/dormant/carrier state etc. *Leena* is also similar which is explained as *Anutklista* (Not expellable), which is not profound at a perceivable level as signs and symptoms. *Slista* refers to merging of *Doshas* with *Dhatus*.

Contextual Understanding of *Shodhana* (Bio-Purification):

Panchakarma i. e mode of Shodhana (Bio-Purification) therapy in Avurveda has attracted attention of the people worldwide as it is an unique sort of treatment of various chronic, auto immune, hormonal, degenerative disorders, etc., where other sorts of treatments have no satisfactory answer. Acharya Charaka has highlighted the role of Panchakarma therapy by stating that the disease treated by Shodhana (Bio-Purification) will never recur, whereas the treatment with Shamana (No Bio-purification) therapy may recur in due course of time (3). In addition, if Shamana drugs are administered after proper course of Shodhana, then it provides additional relief and thus helps in eradicating the diseases completely. Tough it has wide range of applicability but mainly indicated in Bahudoshavastha (Multiple Dosha involved) and Dhatvantara gata diseases like Sheetapitta (Urticaria). Bio-Purification therapy is well known procedure for its excellency to cure the disease from the root cause.

Urticaria is a skin disorder of vascular reaction pattern characterised by transient, erythematous, oedematous papules or plaques (wheals) of varying sizes and shapes which are usually pruritic (4). In Ayurveda Urticaria is correlated with a disease called Sheetapitta. The lakshana (symptoms) of sheetapitta is varatidashtasamsthana shotha (swelling which resembles a swelling of wasp sting), kandu (itching), toda (burning sensation in excess) etc (5). Since the characteristic symptoms of both are similar its being correlated with *sheetapitta* disease in Ayurveda. Though the disease is of Tridosha origin, Pitta is the predominant dosha and so the disease shows characteristic feature of burning sensation and pruritis associated with swelling. Many reasons have been mentioned in different texts regarding its etiology. The condition is considered as chronic if the welts appear for more than six weeks and recur frequently over months or years. Chirakaleena Vyadhi (Chronic disease) will be always in Bahudosha avastha (Multiple dosha) and its treatment with Shamana Aushadhi (No Bio-Purification) will be Krichrasadhya (Difficult to cure) or Asadhya (Incurable) in nature. This even

applies for chronic *Sheetapitta* (Urticaria) which is discussed later.

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Aims and Objectives

- To explore the concept of *Leena Dosha* (Concealed) in chronic Sheetapitta with special reference to Urticaria.
- To explore the concept of *Shodhana* (Biopurification) therapy in chronic Sheetapitta with special reference to Urticaria.

Materials and methods

Charaka Samhita, Sushrutha Samhita, Astanga Hridaya, Astanga Sangraha, Madhava Nidana, Shabdakalpadruma, Text book of Medicines, Journals, Magazines & other Internet sources.

Observations and Discussion

Before understanding the concept of *Leena Dosha* it is better to understand and discuss the different *Avastha* of *Doshas*:

- 1. Chaya Dosha Avastha-"Chayovriddihi Swadaamnyeva" (6) Here the term Dhama means Guna (Quality). So Gunatah (Qualitative) increase of the circulating Dosha is Chaya Dosha Avastha.
- **2.** Prakopa Dosha Avastha- Both Vriddhi (Increase) and Kshaya (Decrease) of the Dosha is Prakopa Dosha A v a s t h a . "K o p a s t u U n m a r g a Gaamita" (7)/"Swasthanam Tyaktva sthaanantara Gamanam". The Doshas get Vriddhi (Increase) in all aspects namely Gunatah (Quality), Karmatah (Action), Prabhavatah (Specific Action) etc. This abnormal state of Dosha is Prakopa Avastha.
- **3.** Prasara Dosha Avastha- The abnormal Dosha started moving to other pathways in whole body is Prasara dosha Avastha, and it gets lodged in weaker places (Khavaigunya sthana). When it starts lodging it will be of Baddhadosha, Stambita Dosha, Aama Dosha Avastha forms.
- **4.** Baddha Dosha "Apravartamana Doshatvam" (8) the Doshas without Pravruthi (Movements).
- **5.** *Stambita Dosha* "*Stabyante Avichaladharmaano Bhavanti (9)* (Immobile Stagnated *Dosha Avastha)*
- **6.** *Aama Dosha-* "*Aamamiti Apakva Dosham*" (10) (Not properly cooked/Formed *Dosha*).
- **7. Upasthita Dosha Avastha-** "Upasthita Doshaanam Iti Shaakham Tyaktva Koshtam Gaman Ena Tatha Leenatvat Parityagena Pradhana Avastha Prapta



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Doshanaam (11). *Upasthita Dosha* is nothing but the *Doshas* starts moving from *Shakha (Dhatus* and skin) to *Koshta* (Alimentary tract) and *Leena Dosha Avastha* will be changed by the influence of *Dosha Gati*.

- 8. Utklishta Dosha-"Utklishtaan Iti Hrullasadina Bahirgamana Unmughaan" (12) The fully excited Doshas starts coming out of the body and the person feels Hrullasa (Nausea) in this Dosha Avastha. Then it gradually becomes Chala Dosha Avastha.
- **9.** Chala Dosha Avastha- "Chala Doshe Swasthaanath Chalita Ityarthah" (13) The Dosha starts to come out from its lodged place for expulsion.
- 10. Hrita Dosha Avastha-The properly eliminated Dosha is Hrita Dosha. Samyak Shodhana Lakshana is assessed on the basis of Maaniki (Measurement), Vegiki (Doshas eliminated in respective order) for example "Vamanasya" (14) (In proper emesis Pitta i. e bile at the last Vega) is considered as proper emesis. If the Shodhana is not proper then it may also cause accumulation of Dosha in Dhatus and gradually it may become Leena Dosha again.

Based on *Samprapti* (Pathogenesis) and *Vegaavastha* (Stages of Disease) *Leenatva* is explained in various diseases: *Vishama Jwara* (fever-intermittent), *Grahani* (?Irritable bowel syndrome), *Apasmara* (Epileptic seizures), *Tamaka Swasa* (Bronchial Asthma), *Sheetapitta* (Urticaria).

Contemporary gleam to Leena dosha

Leenadoshaavastha (Concealed) in modern pathology can be comprehended through diseases like herpes zoster, herpes simplex, AIDS, malaria, epilepsy, filariasis, leprosy and many more diseases. Among them malaria is here to explain its pathology and mechanism in symptomatic manifestation. The vector- female Anopheline mosquitoes inoculates plasmodial sporozoite from salivary gland into host body (blood). They invade hepatic parenchymal cell and progress to intrahepatic or pre erythrocytic schizogony or merogony. The single sporozoite in the hepatocyte eventually proliferate, swollen the infected cell and eventually bursts. Further the motile merozoites are discharged into the blood stream. Then, it enters the red blood corpuscles, multiply six to twenty times every forty eight to seventy two hours. When the parasites reach fifty per each micro litre of blood, symptomatic stage of infection begins. In all cases of hepatic entry, there may not be division as some forms of plasmodial sporozoites remain dormant for a period ranging from weeks to years. They are called as hypnozoites dormant forms (15).

Latency and Leena dosha Avastha

Latency is the state of seeming inactivity (16) or the state where there is existence but not yet developed/manifested/are hidden/concealed/dormant/a carrier stage, where in the individual is not affected. *Leena* (Concealed) is also similar to be explained as *Anutklishta* (Not expellable), which is not profound at a perceivable level as signs and symptoms. *Shlishta* refers to the adherence/merging of the *Doshas* with the *Dhatus*. Thus when a favourable environment arises it manifests. Thus relapse and remission occurs.

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Impact of Leena dosha in Vyadhikshamatva

The references from occurrence of Punaravarthakajvara (Relapsing fever) (17) enlighten the role of Bala immunity in an individual, in whom the relapse of disease occurs after symptomatic cure. To understand, we can mention diseases like herpes zoster attack. Here the immune system suppresses the virus to an extent, avoiding the manifestation of symptoms. But when the immune mechanism fails to suppress, disease is manifested. But the mechanism of immune failure and relapse is poorly understood (18). Similar is the case of herpes simplex, where the host immunity influences the acquisition, severity of infection, resistance to development, latency and relapse. Latent phase of AIDS extends upon the strength of immunity in an individual. Regarding *Leena* (Concealed) in hyper sensitivity the sensitization of immune system towards any particular antigen can be long lived in the absence of re exposure (greater than 10 years) due to immunologic memory. We can assume the abnormality behind the cell mediated immunity as one of the modern pathological phenomenon in the causation of Leenaavastha.

Sheetapitta in Leena avastha

When the disease *Sheetapitta* (Urticaria) is present in an individual due to any cause for a chronic period of time it usually will be of recurring in nature. i. e *Punarbhavi*. Symptoms of the disease like excessive *Kandu* (Pruritis), *Daha* (Burning sensation), *Shotha* (Oedema) etc becomes severe. From the above all explanations it is very clear that in *Chirakaaleenavyadhi* (Chronic disease) *Shodhana* (Bio-Purification) is a best line of treatment.

Incidence and Clinical discernment of Leena

Leenaavastha (Concealed) can occur before and after the treatment of a disease. Before treatment due to the formation of Saamadoshas. It can adhere or conceal to the Dhatus and Leenaavastha (Concealed) is formed. At the end of intervention or after it, though the signs and symptoms of Sheetapitta are subsided, there can be presence of Sheshadosha (Remaining dosha) in the form of Leena. Clinically Leenaavastha (Concealed) can be inferred in a Vyadhi through an exhibition of recurrent or intermittent attack of a disease, even with an assumption of well adopted treatment. Therefore



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merging the textual knowledge with the clinical practice, one could tackle the hurdle of *Leenadoshaavastha* (Concealed) through a non futile intervention.

Our classics mention why and how such conditions should be approached. The saamadosha moving all over the body, when in Leenaavastha (Concealed), i. e deeply merged or concealed in dhatus are not feasible to be eliminated through shodhana (Bio-Purification) procedures directly in such instances, if shodhana is performed can lead to the destruction of body tissues.

Thus *Saamadosha* adhered or concealed in diseases are understood as in *Leena* (19). This understanding facilitates the further intervention.

This can be briefed as similar to that of *Ama*, i.e measures of *Deepana* and *Pachana* (Stomacic & digestive), inturn leading to *Pakvaavastha*, then performoing *Shodhana*. But if even after treatment *sheshadoshas* (Remaining dosha) are present it indicates *Leenadoshaavastha*, again proper *Deepana* and *Pachana* (Stomacic & digestive), has to be performed followed by *Shodhana*, followed by *Rasayana*.

Shodanangasnehana and Swedana (Sudation) are performed as preoperative procedures for Shodhana (Bio-Purification) to bring the Doshas from Shaka (Extremities) to Koshta (Abdomen). Snehana (Oleation) and Swedana (Sudation) enables Leenavastha (Concealed) of Dosha to Pravaahana Avastha (Moveable)

It also aids to detach the *Leenadosha* (Concealed) from the *Dhatus* there by reducing any further occurrence of diseases relapse. But, if the treatments are not administered properly, it leads to the stagnation of *Doshas* (residual *Doshas*). This can seed to the *Leenaavastha* (Concealed), ultimately leading to relapse of the disease (20) especially signs and symptoms of *Sheetapitta* like *Kandu* (Pruritis), *Daha* (Burning sensation) etc.

Conclusion

Leenadosha (Concealed), is a pathological state of concealed existence of *Dosha*. It can arise from improper treatment, abstaining from therapy, nature of a disease, cause of a disease and abnormal immunity. Its comprehension is not only cramped to the relapse and remission of a disease but also the latency and scrupulously even it can be weaned to be an abnormality in cell mediated immunity.

Diagnosis of *Leenadosha* is understood through the relapse and remission. *Sheetapitta* (Urticaria)is a basically a *Tridoshaja Vyadhi* with *Vata pradhanyata*. Once the disease becomes chronic it will have the tendency to relapse. The physician should comply with treatments of *Ama* followed by *Rasayana*.

Since Doshas in Urticaria are Bahu due to chronicity and Anutklista in nature always we should go for *Deepana* (Stomacic), *Pachana* (digestive), *Snehana*

(Oleation), Swedana (Sudation) followed by Bahirnishkasana (To expel) to get the optimum result.

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